## Common Laboratory Values

| CBC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Test | Normal value | Function | Significance |
| Hemoglobin | $10.5-18 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{dL}$ | Measures oxygen carrying capacity of blood | Low: hemorrhage, anemia High: polycythemia |
| Hematocrit | 32-52\% | Measures relative volume of cells and plasma in blood | Low: hemorrhage, anemia High: polycythemia, dehydration |
| Red blood cell | 4-6 million/ $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ | Measures oxygen-carrying capacity of blood | Low: hemorrhage, anemia High: polycythemia, heart disease, pulmonary disease |
| White blood cell Infant 4-7 y 8-18 y | $\begin{aligned} & 6,000-14,000 / \mathrm{mm}^{3} \\ & 4,000-12,000 / \mathrm{mm}^{3} \\ & 4,000-10,500 / \mathrm{mm}^{3} \end{aligned}$ | Measures host defense against inflammatory agents | Low: aplastic anemia, drug toxicity, specific infections High: inflammation, trauma, toxicity, leukemia |
| Differential Counts |  |  |  |
| Test | Relative counts Ab | Absolute counts Significance |  |
| Neutrophils (segs) | 54-62\% 3,000 | $<1,000 / \mathrm{mm}^{3}$ : patient at increased risk for infection - defer elective dental treatment |  |
| Neutrophils (bands) | 3-5\% 15 | Increase in bacterial infections, trauma, burns, surgery, acute hemolysis or hemorrhage |  |
| Lymphocytes | 25-30\% 1,500 | Viral and bacterial infections, acute and chronic lymphocytic leukemia, antigen reaction |  |
| Eosinophils | 1-3\% 50 | Increase in parasitic and allergic conditions, blood dyscrasias, pernicious anemia |  |
| Basophils | 0-0.75\% 15 | Increase in types of blood dyscrasias |  |
| Monocytes | 3-7\% 28 | Hodgkin's disease, lipid storage disease, recovery from severe infections, monocytic leukemia |  |
| Bleeding Screen |  |  |  |
| Test | Normal value | Function | Significance |
| Prothrombin time | 12.7-15.4 sec | Measures extrinsic clotting of blood | Prolonged in liver disease, impaired Vitamin K production, surgical trauma with blood loss |
| Partial thromboplastin time | By laboratory control | Measures intrinsic clotting of blood, congenital clotting disorders | Prolonged in hemophilia A, B, and C and Von Willebrand's disease |
| Platelets | 150,000-400,000/mL | Measures clotting potential | Increased in polycythemia, leukemia, severe hemorrhage; decreased in thrombocytopenia purpura |
| Bleeding time (adult) | $<7.1$ min | Measures quality of platelets | Prolonged in thrombocytopenia |
| International <br> Normalized <br> Ratio (INR) | Without anticoagulant therapy: 1; Anticoagulant therapeutic range: 2-3 | Measures extrinsic clotting function | Increased with anticoagulant therapy |
| Urinalysis |  |  |  |
| Test | Normal value | Function | Significance |
| Volume | 1,000-2,000 mL/day |  | Increased in diabetes mellitus, chronic nephritis |
| Specific gravity | 1.015-1.025 | Measures the degree of tubular reabsorption and dehydration | Increased in diabetes mellitus; decreased in acute nephritis, diabetes insipidus, aldosteronism |
| pH | 5.0-9.0 | Reflects acidosis and alkalosis | Acidic: diabetes, acidosis, prolonged fever Alkaline: urinary tract infection, alkalosis |
| Casts | 1-2 per high power field |  | Renal tubule degeneration occurring in cardiac failure, pregnancy, and hemogobinuric-nephrosis |
| Electrolytes |  |  |  |
| Test | Normal value | Function | Significance |
| Sodium (Na) | $134-143 \mathrm{mmol} / \mathrm{L}$ |  | Increased in Cushing's syndrome |
| Potassium (K) | $3.3-4.6 \mathrm{mmol} / \mathrm{L}$ |  | Increased in tissue breakdown |
| Bicarbonate ( $\mathrm{HCO}_{3}$ ) | $22-29 \mathrm{mmol} / \mathrm{L}$ | Reflects acid-base balance |  |
| Chloride (Cl) | $98-106 \mathrm{mmol} / \mathrm{L}$ |  | Increased in renal disease and hypertension |
| Markers |  |  |  |
| Test |  | Normal value | Significance |
| C-reactive protein (CR range is age depend |  | M: $0.08-1.12 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dl}$ F: $0.08-1.0 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{dl}$ | Increase in infection; indicates an acute phase of the inflammatory metabolic response |

## References

1. Kliegman, RM, Stanton BF, St Geme JW, Schor NF. Nelson Textbook of Pediatrics, 20th ed. Philadelphia, Pa.: Elsevier; 2016.
2. Kasper DL, Fauci AS, Hauser SL, Longo DL, Jameson JL, Loscalzo J, eds. Harrison's principles of internal medicine.19th ed. New York, N.Y.: Mc Graw-Hill; 2015.
